Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Ad

NUMBER 2214.] PHILADELPHIA: MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 28, 1799.

The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

For FREIGHT to HAMBURGH,

The fast sailing Danish ship
LITTLE MARTHA,
In complete order, and ready to receive a cargo. For further particulars, enquire of
JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
Oct. 9th, 1799. 3tawtf

AN INVOICE OF DRY GOODS
FOR SALE,
Consisting of broad and narrow Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Coating,
Flannels,
Thicksetts and Cords,
Linseys,
Baizes,
Swansdowns,
Cottons,
Brown Holland,
Irish Linens,
Irish and Scotch Sheetings,
Dowlass, &c. &c.

☞ Apply to WILLIAM PARKER, *Peel Hall*, on the Ridge road, two miles from the city.
October 5, 1799. eod2w.

JOHN JUSTICE,
House, sign, ornamental painter & glazier,
No. 79, Race street,

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has begun in that business, and hopes to meet with their approbation of his work.

Flags, drums, firebuckets, cornices, &c. done on the most reasonable terms, and the shortest notice.

N. B. A Drawing School will be opened at the same place, on the 14th of November, for young ladies and gentlemen, from 10 to 12, and from 2 to 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Evening School from 6 to 9 o'clock, three nights in the week.—Those who wish to encourage the school are at liberty to view his paintings.
october 21. 2aw.3w

JUST RECEIVED,
From the BOSTON Manufactory,
A QUANTITY OF
WINDOW GLASS,
Of different sizes.
FOR SALE
By ISAAC HARVEY, Jun.

N. B. Any size or sizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from said manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpose—Apply at No. 9, South Water-street, as above.
july 8 dtf

TO BE SOLD BY
JESSE & ROBERT WAIN.
Old Port Wine, in pipes, hhds. and qr. casks,
Also Landing at their Wharf
From on board the ship Edward from Lisbon.
Lisbon Wine, in pipes and qr. casks.
june 25 §

THE PUBLIC
Are respectfully informed, that
The United States Mail Coachee,
During the yellow fever, from John Dunwoody's tavern, Market street,
Will start from its usual place, viz.
JOHN FRANCIS' HOTEL,
No. 13 South Fourth street.

MAIL COACHEES
Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE,

LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.
Returning.
Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.

Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA.
Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted(at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.
Returning.
Leave New-York every day (Sunday exceptcepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.

Seats in the Mail Coachees to be taken in
New-York,
At Butman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-street
In Philadelphia.
At John Francis's Hotel, No. 13 South Fourth street, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second street.
In Baltimore.
At Evans' Tavern.

Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.

The Proprietors are not responsible for Baggage. LEVI PEASE,
Agent for the Public Line, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.
WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co
Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New-York.
General Post-Office, May 1. §

THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,
Joshua B. Bond.
John Brooks.
april 1 §

THE SUBSCRIBER's STORE,
No. 11 South Water Street, is now open,
WHERE HE HAS FOR SALE,

THE following COPPER, which he will dispose of on reasonable terms for Cash or short Credit:—
Best patent Sheathing Copper, 16, 18, 20, 22 and 24 oz. per foot,
Copper in sheets, 48 by 24 inches, from 6 to 30lb. per sheet,
Copper in sheets, 52 by 26 inches, from 6 to 37lb. per sheet,
Copper in sheets, 60 by 30 inches, from 8 to 60lb. per sheet,
Copper in sheets, 60 by 36 inches, from 70 to 80lb. per sheet,
Copper in sheets, 60 by 39 inches, from 100 to 110lb. per sheet,
Copper in sheets, 72 by 16 inches, from 14 to 15lb. per sheet,
Copper in sheets, 72 by 18 inches, from 15 to 17lb. per sheet,
Copper in sheets, 90 by 20 inches, from 20 to 22lb per sheet,
Bottom Pipes of various sizes,
Flat Bottoms, from 10 to 18 inches diameter,
Sheathing Nails, (polished) from 1 1 8th inch to 2½ inches,
Forged Nails, from 2¾ inches to 7 inches,
Spikes, from 5 inches to 7 inches,
Clinch Rings, from ½ inch to 1½ inch,
Copper Bolts, from 5-8th inch to 1 inch,
Tin in pigs.

PAUL BECK, Jun.
October 12. taw3w.

FOR SALE,

The brig MARY,
Capt. JOHN TARRIS,

Now lying at Marcus Hook—a live oak and cedar vessel—will carry 2000 barrels, and has been newly sheathed. She is armed with 10 four-pounders, muskets, pistols, cutlasses, boarding-pikes, &c. For terms, apply to GURNEY & SMITH.
sep. 3. eotf

To BOTANISTS, GARDENERS *and* FLORISTS,

AND to all other ladies and gentlemen, curious in ornamental, rare exotic or foreign plants and flowers, cultivated in the green house, hot house, or stove, and in the open ground—A large and numerous variety of such rarities is now offered for sale, being the acquirement of many years earnest application, great assiduity, and considerable expence.

The present proprietor having, from the natural growth and successful increase of his plants, as well as from frequent other acquirements and additions to his collection, so far increased it as to render the allotted apartments not sufficiently large and commodious, is induced to make this offer, or sacrifice. After reserving a general and suitable stock, he has to spare a well assorted and great variety of those things, comprising a beautiful collection, sufficient to decorate, furnish, and ornament *a spacious or handsome green-house* AT ONCE. The whole collection, for *that department*, will be sold on very moderate and easy terms; or the proprietor may be induced to divide it into two equal lots; but he does not on any account intend to allow them to be selected or culled out by separately selling single plants or small lots in any thing like a retail way.

The whole is a truly valuable collection, such as is very rarely to be met with for sale on this side the Atlantic—indeed a moiety of them would comprise a very desirable and extensive variety, consisting of many or most of the tropical fruits, and other rare and curious finely ornamental trees, shrubs, and plants, with a numerous and abundant assortment of choice bulbous, tuberous, and fibrous rooted flowering and ornamental plants in mixtures; all of good or superior kinds, as may be seen by the catalogue. For which, and for any further necessary information, please to apply to John Cummings, at the Alms-house, Messrs. David and Cuthbert Landrith, gardeners and nursery-men, in in High-street, above Twelfth-street, Philadelphia, Mr. William Booth, in the same line of business, Baltimore, or Mr David Williamson, Greenwich-street, New-York.

N. B. It is now a good time and proper season to build a green-house, and to remove plants.
Sept. 24. dtf.

TO BE SOLD,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

NINE undivided tenth parts of a tract of LAND, in the State of Georgia; either together or in such parts as may suit the purchaser. The whole tract is bounded as follows, viz. beginning on the Mississippi river, where the latitude of thirty-two degrees, forty nine minutes, forty seconds north of the Equator intersects the same river; thence running along the same parallel of latitude a due east course to the Tom Bigby river; thence up the middle of the said Tom Bigby river to the place where the latitude thirty-two degrees, fifty-nine minutes, twenty seconds north of the equator intersects the same; thence a due west course on the same parallel of latitude to the Mississippi river; thence down the middle of the said Mississippi river to the place of beginning; together with all the privileges, immunities and appurtenances thereof, including all islands within the said bounds, and containing at least One Million acres, probably more. The premises if not before disposed of by private sale, will be sold by Public Vendue, on Thursday the twenty-first day of November next, at eleven o'clock, A. M. at Concert-Hall, kept by *Mr.* JAMES VILA in Boston. For further particulars and terms, apply to either of the subscribers
CHARLES CUSHING,
Boston, Oct. 2, 1799. GEORGE LANE,
1wtf, *M. M.* HAYS,

A beautiful Country Seat for Sale,

SITUATED on the bank of the Delaware, joining lands of Matthias Siples and Mr. John Duffield, 13 miles from Philadelphia and 7 miles from Bristol.

The buildings consist of a new two story Frame House and Kitchen adjoining—3 rooms on a floor, a Piazza the whole front of the House, a Pump of excellent water, also a good garden and orchard—10 acres of land will be sold with the premises, but more can be had if required. There is a gravelly shore at the river, the water stages for Burlington pass every day in the summer season, and the land stages for New-York within half a mile; any person inclining to purchase may know the terms of sale and other particulars by enquiring at No. 12, Dock-street, or No. 161, South Second-street.
june 1.

ROSS & SIMSON,
HAVE FOR SALE,
3000 pieces 1st and 2d quality Russia Duck,
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal { COSSAS / HUMHUMS.
1100 bushels St. Martins Salt.
april 11 §

NEW BOOKS.

Just imported by WILLIAM YOUNG,
BOOKSELLER,
At the corner of Chesnut and Second street,

A GENERAL view of the agriculture of Lincoln county, drawn up for the consideration of the Board of Agriculture and Internal Improvement.

Ditto ditto for Middlesex, with observations on the means of improving it, and several essays on agriculture in general.

Ditto ditto ditto for the county of Suffolk,
Ditto ditto ditto for the co. of Mid Lothian,
Ditto ditto ditto for the co. of Nottingham,
Ditto ditto ditto for the co. of Lancaster,
Ditto ditto ditto for Somerset county,
Ditto ditto ditto for Norfolk county.

The whole illustrated with maps and engraving boards, 8 vols.

Young's agriculture, in 14 vols. bound.

Home's Gentleman Farmer, with plates, the 4th edition, with the author's last corrections. The above exhibits the best experiments in agriculture now extant.

Nautical Almanacks, for 1800, 1, 2, 3.
Moore's navigation, 13th edition
Johnson's Dictionary, pocket size, neat, 1799.
Hutchinson's Biographia Medica, 2 vol. 8mo.
Practical Observations on the diseases of the army in Jamaica, between 1792 and 1797, and on the situation, climate and diseases of that island, 2 vols 8vo. London, 1799
Beddoe's Essay on Consumption, Lon. 1799.
——— Contributions to Medical and Physical knowledge. London, 1799.
Repertory of the Arts and Manufactures, consisting of original communications, specifications of the patent inventions and selections of useful practical papers from the transactions of philosophical societies of all nations, &c. 19 vol. 8 vo. London, 1799.
Hand-maid to the arts, 2 vols. 8vo.
The Elaboratory laid open, 8vo.
Biographiana, by the compiler of anecdotes of distinguished persons. London, 1799, 2 vols.
Biographical, literary and political anecdotes of several of the most eminent persons of the present age; never before printed.
Analytical Reviews, to January, 1799.
Meister's Letters, written during a residence in England.
Thomson's Letters of a traveller, on the various countries of Europe, Asia, and Africa, 8vo.
Life of Catharine IId of Russia, 3 vol. 8vo. London, 1799.
Mothissen's Letters on various parts of the Continent, between the years 1785 and 1794, containing a variety of anecdotes relative to the present state of literature in Germany.
La Perouse voyage round the world, 1785, 86, 87, and 1788, 3 vols. 8vo.
A residence in France during the years 1792, 3, 4 and 1795, in a series of letters from an English lady, 2 vols. 8vo. prepared for the press by J. Gifford.
Southey's Letters, during a short residence in Spain and Portugal.
M. de Rulheir's Revolution in Russia, 1762.
Guthrie's Geographical Grammar, 17th ed.
Jacob's Law Dictionary, 11th ed. improved by Tomlins, 2 vols. quarto.
Viner's Abridgement of Law and Equity, bound, 24 vols. royal 8vo.
Bacon's Abridgement, 5th edition, improved by G. G. Williams, 7 vols. royal 8vo.
The above are the best London editions, and chiefly elegantly bound in calf.

W. YOUNG has, as usual, imported a good assortment of Elementary Books for the use of Students of the sciences at the academies, and for English, Latin, French and Greek Scholars, and for the supply of store keepers. A generous allowance made to wholesale purchasers.
October 17.

NOTICE.
To the Creditors of Joseph Alexander,

LATE of Lewistown, in the county of Mifflin, and commonwealth of Pennsylvania; who was a partner of the firm of *Johnson & Alexander*, I have applied to the Judges of the court of Common pleas, in and for the county of Mifflin aforesaid, for the benefit of the laws of the said commonwealth, made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and they have appointed the second Tuesday of September next, for a hearing of me and my creditors at Lewistown, in said county, of which, please to take notice.
JOSEPH ALEXANDER.
august 23 §

THIS is to give notice, That the Subscriber, of Elkton, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Cecil County, in Maryland, letters of Administration, on the personal estate of *SAMUEL HEWETT*, late of said County deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned, to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of March next—They may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 15th day of August, 1799.
JOHN MILLER, *Ad'tr.*
aug. 17. d5w

TO BE SOLD,
TWO new frame two Story Houses pleasantly situated near the Jolly Post-Tavern, upper end of the Village of Frankford. There are in each house, besides a kitchen, two rooms on the first floor; three on the second, with roomy garrats, all well finished; there are also to each, a good garden lot, stable and coach house. Part goods will be taken in payment. Any persons wishing to become purchasers are requested to view the premises, and for terms apply to
JOHN McCLELLEN.
Frankford, July 13 eotf

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH
HAVE FOR SALE,
At their Stores on Walnut Street Wharf,
Patent Sheathing Copper, 24 ounces to the square foot,
Composition Spikes of various lengths,
Still Copper, and raised Copper Bottoms,
Ten 4lb. Guns with Carriages,
Forty 6lb. Guns, 6cwt. each,
Twelve 9lb. Guns, 12cwt. each,
Sixteen 9lb. Guns with Carriages,
Gunpowder,
150 crates Queen's Ware, assorted,
A quantity of Sheathing Paper,
English Sail Canvass, No. 1 to 8,
70 trunks of printed Callicoes,
1 bale low priced Woolen Cloths,
87 puncheons St. Kitt's and Antigua Rum,
220 pipes 4th proof Brandy, uncolored and well flavoured,
27 pipes, 34 hogsheads and 32 qr. casks of strong bodied red Wine, suited to the West Indies,
15 butts 60 qr. casks old Sherry,
290 kegs Raisins,
150 boxes ditto,
94 jars ditto,
Cassia in Bales,
Old Madeira Wine, fit for immediate use,
And a quantity of black quart Bottles.
Philadelphia, October 12. t&stf

LAW BOOK STORE,
No. 319 High Street.

GEORGE DAVIS takes this early opportunity to inform the gentlemen of the bar, through the United States, that in addition to his large stock of law books imported immediately before the sickness, and which, from the interruption of business, have remained unopened, he has by a late arrival at New York from Dublin, received a very considerable and valuable collection:—The whole will now form a most extensive catalogue. These he proposes to offer for sale at his usual distinguished low prices, some time in the beginning of next month, of which notice will be given.

G. D. will take subscriptions for Wentworth's System of Pleading, 10 vols. octavo, now publishing in Dublin by Mr. James Moore, to be delivered next Spring, in blue boards. The price, he imagines will be about twenty-eight dollars, but no money is required until the books are received.

N. B. A handsome three story brick house, south Front-street, No. 91, also a two story brick house in Third above Vine-street, to let.
October 18, 1799. eod2w.

THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES,
Of the debt of the United States, in the name of James Donatianus Le Ray, to wit—

No. 11020—5437 dolls. 65 cents
11019—5000 dolls.
11018—5000 dolls. } of deferred debt.
16341—3733 dolls. 33 cents. of 6 pr. ct debt
12814—7052 dolls. 71 cents } of 3 per
12813—8000 dolls. } cent. debt

All bearing date the 15th February, 1799, were forwarded by the Chesterfield packet for Falmouth, which has been captured, and the certificates lost—Application is made for the renewal thereof at the Treasury; of which all concerned are to take notice.
CLEMENT BIDDLE.
october 17 d6w

TO BE SOLD,
An Invoice of Woollens,

CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths,—principally Dark Blue and printed Cassimeres—Apply to
Owen & Jonathan Jones,
No. 151 Market-street.
april 29 §

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

That the subscriber living at George Town, cross roads in that county and state of Maryland, hath obtained letters of administration on the personal estate of William Dinsmoore, late of Kent County, merchant, deceased.

All persons having any claims against the said deceased, are requested to exhibit them properly authenticated, either to the subscriber or to William Barroll, Esq. her atterney, living in Chester Town Maryland.

All persons indebted to the deceased, either on Bond, Bill, note or account, are earnestly requested to discharge the same without delay, otherwise suits will be commenced against them.
ISABELLA DINSMOORE, Administratrix
of William Dinsmore deceased
George Town Cross-Roads Kent County.
August 31, 1799. d2m.

HORSE MARKET.

THE Public Sales of the Horse Market will be REMOVED to the USUAL PLACE in Seventh street below Walnut, on Saturday morning next the 19th instant.
WM. DAVIDSON, *Auctioneer.*
October 18.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY on the 6th instant, from the subscriber, living at Spring Grove Forge, Lancaster county, State of Pennsylvania, an indented Mulattoe, named Jacob Ray, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, strong made, can work in a forge and drive a team, he is fond of spirituous liquors and given to pilfering, he is also very talkative when drunk, and at all times a noted liar; he came from Suffex county, New Jersey, between three and four years ago, he was bound by his own and mother's consent to Jonathan Willis, Esq. of Newtown in Suffex aforesaid, and by him assigned over to Cadwallader Evans, of Andover iron works; his clothes are not known.

☞ Whoever secures said runaway, so that his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, and if brought home, all reasonable charges paid,
By CYRUS JACOBS.
Spring Grove Forge,
October 18. t&s4w

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and place the said
all persons concerne
ROBER
JOHN J
MICHAE
SAMUEL.
Justices of the Peace for
phia.

One Thousand Fiv
DOLLA

WAS delivered to th
TER here, in the
on the evening of Tuesday th
a LETTER directed to Mr.
Merchant, BALTIMORE, contai
ALEXANDRIA BANK NOTE
4320, in favour of *William Taylo*
dated 30th *April*, 1798, for ONE T
SAND DOLLARS, and No. 4522,
vour of *John P. Pleasants*, and dated
10th of *December*, 1798, for FIVE HUN
DRED DOLLARS, which letter has been
SUPPRESSED in a POST-OFFICE, and
the BANK NOTES taken out——as the
PUBLIC MAIL was not STOPPED,
MOLESTED, or ROBBED.

Bankers and merchants are particularly requested to watch the circulation of said notes, and stop them; and any person giving such information as will lead us to our money, shall have FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS reward.
WILSON & SWANN.
Fredericksburg, (Virg.) Sept. 10.

☞ All Printers in the United States, are requested to publish the above, and we will pay them.

By JAMES KINSEY, Esq.
Chief Justice of the supreme court of New-Jersey.
Notice is hereby given,

THAT upon application to me by Joseph P. Minnick, and John W. Bloomfield for themselves, by John W. Bloomfield in right of Ann his wife, William Bullus, John Moore, in the right of his wife Mary, John Bullus and Ruth Bullus, who claim an undivided sixth part of all that tract of land situate, lying and being in Springfield, Burlington county, containing eleven hundred and eighty-eight acres and a half of an acre or thereabouts, formerly devized by Mary Ludlam to Francis Bullus, who by his last will and testament devised the same tract to William Bowser, and John Turner in trust for Samuel Bullus his son in fee, which said Samuel Bullus by his deed bearing date on or about the 5th day of March 1796, conveyed the same to his children Francis Bullus, and the same Ann Bloomfield, formerly Ann Bullus. William Bullus, Mary Bullus, now Mary Moore, John Bullus and Ruth Bullus, I have nominated and appointed Job Lippencott, Esq. of Springfield aforesaid, Abraham Stockton and Chas. Ellis, both of the city of Burlington, commissioners, to divide the said tract into six equal shares or parts, and unless proper objections are stated to me on the 21st day of Nov. next, at my office in the city of Burlington at ten o'clok in the morning of that day, the said Job Lippencott, Abraham Stockton and Charles Ellis, will then be appointed the Commissioners to make petition of the said tract of land, pursuant to an act, entitled, "an act for the more easy petition of lands held by Co partners, joint tenants, and tenants in common" passed the eleventh day of November in the year of our Lord 1789—Given under my hand the 30th day of August A. D. 1799.
JAMES KINSEY.
sep. 2. d6w.

JAMES HUMPHREYS, Jun.
Notary Public and Conveyancer,
Respectfully informs his friends and the public,
THAT
His Office is now open,
AT No. 65 WALNUT STREET,
Where he will thankfully receive and faithfully execute any commands in his line of business.
October 23. 3taw2w

Mrs. GROOMBRIDGE
RESPECTFULLY informs her numerous friends, acquaintance and the public, she has agreeable to the request of many persons, concluded to reside in town during each winter, and has taken a large convenient house in Walnut street, No. 106, between Fourth and Fifth streets, where she proposes removing her School the 1st of November.
English and French grammatically taught, Writing, Geography, the Use of the Globes, Arithmetic, History, Dancing, with all kinds of useful and ornamental Work; Drawing in various branches, History, Landscape, Flowers, &c. Due attention to Vocal as well as Instrumental Music, with requisite Masters of reputed ability.
Columbia House
Boarding and Day School,
October 19, 1799.

† The Friends and Guardians of the Ladies under Mrs. Groombridge's care are particularly assured, that an eligible situation in the country will be engaged for each ensuing Summer, though no epidemic may affect the city.
d3w&wsim

FOR SALE,

THE SCHOONER
PEGGY,
Captain JOSEPH NICOLASON,
Lying at Mr. Latimer's Wharf, burthen about 700 barrels, sails fast, well found, and may be sent to sea at a small expence.
☞ For terms apply to
DANIEL SMITH, or
GIDEON H. WELLS.
October 25.

FOR BOSTON,

THE BRIG
SALLY,
THOMAS ELKINS, Master,
Will sail in a few days, now lying at Chesnut street wharf.
☞ For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board, or to
JOSEPH ANTHONY, & Co.
October 25. 3t

REMOVAL.
SAMUEL REYNOLDS,
TAYLOR,
RESPECTFULLY acquaint those gentlemen who please to favor him with their custom, and his friends generally, that he has removed to his shop, No. 40 South Third street, where he will be glad to serve them.
N.B. All orders attended with the usual punctuality,
October 22. tuth&s3w

NOTICE
TO the owners of unseated lands in the county of Huntingdon, to come forward and pay the taxes assessed and due thereon, within three months from this date, there being one or more years taxes due on the unseated lands in the said county of Huntingdon.
WILLIAM STEEL,
HUGH MORRISON,
JOHN STEEL,
} Commissioners.
Huntingdon, Commissioners Office, Sept. 25, 1799.
October 4. d3m.

TAKE NOTICE,
THAT application is made to the Bank of the United States, for the renewal of the following certificates of Bank stock, which were lost in the brig Paggy, Captain Fluyer, on her passage from America to London.
No. 2959, 2962, 2967 } For Eight Shares of Bank Stock in favour of Samuel Ethridge.
WILLING & FRANCIS.
October 25, d6w.

The following Certificates
OF THE
STOCK of the BANK of the United States,
In the names of Nicolaas Van Staphorst and Nicholas Hubbard of Amsterdam, to wit,
No 29,160 for 5 shares, 29,161 for 2 shares, 29,162 for 2 shares, 29,163 for 1 share, 29,115 for 4 shares, and 29,116 for 5 shares; and the following certificates of the debt of the United States, on the books of the Treasury, to wit, No. 12,823, dated February 22, 1799, for 4000 dollars three per cents, in name of Nicolaas Van Staphorst of Amsterdam, No. 12,824 same date, for 4000 dollars three per cents, in name of Jacob Van Staphorst of Amsterdam, No. 16,348 dated 19th February 1799, for 783 dollars 33 cents of six per cents, and No. 12,818 same date, for 633 dollars 33 cents of three per cents, in the name of Nicholas Hubbard of Amsterdam, and No. 12,817 dated 19th February 1799, for 3300 dollars three per cents, in the name of Jan Hendrick Kingsbergen, knight of the Russian military order of St. George, were sent by the British packet Chesterfield, Captain Jones, which vessel was captured, and the said certificates lost, therefore application is made for the renewal of the same, of which all persons concerned are desired to take notice.
CLEMENT BIDDLE.
October 12, 1799. d3m

Public Vendue.
On MONDAY MORNING, the 4th day of November next,
WILL BE EXPOSED TO PUBLIC SALE,
At Auburn Farm, adjoining Chesnut hill, (the seat of the late *Thomas Coombe, Esq.*)
A GREAT VARIETY OF
HOUSHOLD GOODS
AND
Kitchen Furniture,
Among which are,
Tables, Chairs, Looking Glasses, China, Queen's Ware, &c. &c. Also, Plow Harness, Bark Waggons, and every kind of Farming Implements; likewise, Horses, Cows, Pigs, Hogs, and a young Bull, of a good Stock; likewise, Hay, Oats, Rye, Indian Corn, Buck Wheat and Potatoes.
Auburn, 22d October.
☞ The above Farm will be let to a good Tenant and immediate possession given.
dtf.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 28.

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, OCTOBER 24.

Six per Cent.	15/2 to 4
Three per Cent.	9/2 to 3
Deferred 6 per Cent.	14/4 to 5
8 per Cent Stock—funded—at par.	
Do Scrip with four last payments, 1 per advance.	
BANK United States,	16 to 17
—— Pennsylvania,	14
—— North America,	48 to 50
Insurance comp. N. A. shares	17 to 18
—— Pennsylvania, shares,	28 to 30
East-India Company of N. A. par.	
Land Warrants, 28 to 30 dolls. per 100 acres.	

Advance.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

On London,	51 at 30 days
	50 at 60 à 90 days
Amsterdam,	35 37 à 100 per florin
Hamburgh	30 23 à 100 per Mark Banco.

For the Gazette of the United States.

MR. FENNO,

Being lately on a visit at Germantown, the enclosed "remarks on the *signs of the times,*" which I am informed are to compose part of an almanac to be published by Mr. Poulson for the ensuing year, forcibly attracted my attention. The extensive circulation which this almanac has met with for some years past, owing to the industry, correctness and happiness of selection which characterize the editor, appears to me still insufficient for these interesting remarks. Every pious, every patriotic, every philosophic mind, is called upon in these our days to look with reverence and humility towards the "hidden things of God," which are from day to day disclosing in the dread judgments that are now throughout "*his world.*"

At a time like the present, when "the earth is bursting asunder," all who feel the *requisite* self-abasement, should approach

"And mark with KING where waves the awful rod—
"Of him who reigns—the just, the avenging God."

The mind that at this season is not seriously occupied with and alarmed at the demonstration of the wrath of the Most High, in the present "dreadful lessening of the dignity and splendour of all greatness, and the threatening subversion of *all* good order and civil government"—if such a mind there be—may pass unheeding by a discussion in which it has neither part nor lot—for it must be but too ready to encrease the "universal uproar and to become necessary to the evil."

You will therefore doubtless have the thanks of very many of your readers for giving the enclosed a place in your paper when convenient.

AMICUS.

REMARKS
ON
"*The Signs of the Times.*"

MOST Readers (say the British Reviewers) will agree with Edward King, Esquire, the Author of this learned work, that the conclusion of the present century is marked by distinguishing and striking characters: but to what result they tend is wrapt in the appointment and direction of DIVINE PROVIDENCE. With becoming awe and timidity, but with conviction, Mr. King points out some parts of Scripture-prophecy, of which, he conjectures, recent events are an accomplishment. Some years ago, [*See hereafter*] he expressed a persuasion, that "the pouring out of the *seventh vial*, mentioned in the book of the Revelation, chapter xvi. was just at hand;" and he now informs us, that "the woe is indeed come to pass, almost in its full plenitude."

Mr. King proceeds to examine "the features of this divine prophetical declaration and warning, which must be done with great caution, and cannot be done without horror."—The better to effect his purpose, five verses of the chapter, from 17 to 21, each inclusive, are carefully exhibited in the original Greek. He insists that "*voices, thunders,* and *lightnings* seem, in the prophetical language of all the prophets, to denote *informations of new things; doctrines* and *teaching of new opinions,* good or bad; *convictions of truth and bringing divine truth to light;*" under this persuasion, he says—"We cannot but acknowledge with astonishment, that no period like that commencing about 1788, did ever so much abound with all sorts of *new informations and discoveries*; concerning remote countries, and concerning natural history, concerning new philosophical discoveries; and concerning both ancient and modern history:—no period did ever so much abound with *new opinions,* and *new doctrines;*—and, at the same time it must be acknowledged, that about this period, and since its commencement, many elucidations of real truth, have come forth with convincing light."

Concerning the earthquake in the next verse, it is remarked that the *Greek* word properly signifies a tremendous shaking of all things; "and if such a shaking of empires and of the state of civil government is the emblematical import of these words of prophecy, to what period of the world whatever can they be deemed so applicable, as to the present; or to what state of things whatever, as to the present state of Europe?"

The verse which follows attracts peculiar notice; of which we shall give a short abstract.

Verse 19. "*And the great city was divided into three parts, and the cities of the nations fell:*" thus translated, Mr. King regards this verse, commonly referred to Rome, as almost unintelligible: he remarks that "the Greek word in its truest import, does not merely signify a *city* with its walls and buildings, but rather the *civil constitution* of a country, or indeed a *free state* as distinguished from *a kingdom,*" and he accordingly translates in this manner:—"*A state which was a great one, became divided into three portions,* (or lots) and the states of the nations (or the states among the nations, as distinguishing them from the kingdoms) *fell.*"—

"If this translation be just, with what awful astonishment must we behold the events of the present day! Was not Poland a state, rather than a kingdom? its king being merely elective—Was it not a great one? being one of the largest, in extent of land, and in its produce, from the fertility of its soil, of any of Europe. And is not Poland actually become divided into three portions or lots?—One to Russia, one to Germany, one to Prussia. And is not this an unparralleled event? an event unlike any one that ever before happened in the world. And an event, to which *alone* of all others, these words of prophecy could ever with any propriety be applied? And if the next words, *The states among the nations fell;* signify *states,* as distinguished from *kingdoms,* were not the *Netherlands* a *state?*—and is not that fallen?—Was not *Holland* a *state?*—and is not that fallen?—Was not *Genoa* a *state?*—and is not that fallen?—Was not *Venice* a *state?*—and is not that fallen?—Were not the *dominions of the House of Austria,* in Italy, *states?*—and are they not fallen?—Was not *Switzerland* a *state?*—and is it not fallen?—In short, are not all the *states* in Europe fallen?—all the states in what constituted the *Western empire,*—and belonged to the *Western church,* on which this *last* and tremendous *woe* has been poured out?—And was there ever a period of the world, when these words of prophecy could be properly and in every sense applied before?"

We must not dismiss this 19th, verse of the chapter without allowing a little attention to its last clause;—*and great Babylon came in remembrance before God, to give unto her the cup of the wine of the fierceness of his wrath.*—Mr. King has the concurrence of the ablest interpreters in concluding that, by *Babylon, Rome* is intended; "And is not *Rome* (he asks) indeed now filled with the effects of wrath and vengeance; and torn to pieces by the scourge? are not its boasted treasures of art and antiquity, removed to another place?—are not its palaces stripped, and spoiled?—are not all her pleasant and precious things *departed* from her? Is she not consumed with the fire of the fierceness of anger and violence? Is not the *papal power* at Rome, which was once so terrible, and so domineering, at an *end?*—Was not *this end,* in other parts of the holy prophecies, foretold to be *at the end* of 1260 years?—And now let us see;—hear;—and understand THIS IS THE YEAR 1798.—And just 1260 years ago, in the very beginning of the years 531, *Belisarius* put an end to the empire and dominion of the Goths at Rome:—leaving *thenceforward,* from A. D. 538, NO POWER in *Rome,* that could be said *to rule over the earth,* excepting the *Ecclesiastical Pontifical Power.*—And if these things are so—then truly that great city *Babylon is fallen,—is fallen—is thrown down: and shall be found no more at all.*"

We venture not to controvert this gentleman's exposition of the signs of "the *times.*" They are singularly striking, and wear some features which may have a resemblance to what has been for ages obscurely and emblematically foretold. "We approach (he says) unto the latter days! I tremble whilst I write! God forbid I should mislead any.—But if I do apprehend aright; I must—I ought to speak, and write with circumspection *that* which I apprehend.—I am no rash enthusiast.—I desire to be exceedingly guarded against error: and I have not the least presumptuous idea of intending to prophecy."—His concluding words are,—"These are not days to compliment away the truth,—or to be timid in declaring it. *Truth* is awfully great. Let it ever fairly be brought to light, and left to its own energetic strength to prevail."

The same pious and learned Author published a book in the beginning of the year 1788, in quarto, entitled, "Morsels of Criticism, tending to illustrate some passages in the Holy Scriptures, upon philosophical principles and an enlarged view of things." The Author of "*The pursuits of Literature,*" (a production which has caused much speculation in Europe, and which, for piety, learning, eloquence, and *real* patriotism, has not been exceeded in the present age) calls the public attention, with much earnestness, to some parts of this work. Speaking of Edward King, its author, he says:—"He seems to approach the sacred writings with that prostration of mind, that distrust of his own powers, and that self-abasement, which are *required* of those who desire to look into the hidden things of God. I shall contend for no interpretations given by Mr. King or by any other man, but I may propose them to public consideration; for I never observed more caution, and more wariness, than in this writer. The events of the world, of the Christian world, are so awful and so alarming, as to induce us to believe, that they happen not without the immediate providence and decree of the *supreme being,* for the fulfilling of the preparation for those times, when "the Kingdoms of this world must *(in defiance of all human policy)* become the Kingdoms of God and of his Christ!" I will, therefore, offer to thinking persons some passages from this work by Mr. King, written several years before *the present events* had taken place in Europe or could be conceived to be possible. I am as little disposed to superstition and enthusiasm as any man living; and I do not give them as additions to the idle prophecies and random conjectures which have appeared in such numbers. But the circumstance which peculiarly strikes me is this; that they were written *without any specific reference* to any nation in Europe, but simply and in general, that *such* times and *such* events might be expected *in some part* of the Christian world.

The first passage I shall present, is a part of Mr. King's explanation of the 24th Chapter of St. Matthew's gospel principally of the 29th verse. In regard to which he says, "We may remark, if the words are to be understood as spoken merely emblematically, then the images made use of are such as are well known *to predict* (consistently with their constant use in many other parts of prophecy) *a great destruction and almost annihilation of many of those lawful powers which rule on earth,* however beneficial any of them may be to the earth; and A DREADFUL LESSENING OF THE DIGNITY AND SPLENDOR OF ALL GREATNESS, *and a subversion of all good order and civil government.* Than which nothing can be expected more formidable.—Dreadful indeed must be A TIME, *(if such an one is to come)* WHEN *men are let loose upon each other, possessed of all their present improvements and advantages, but unrestrained either by law and civil government, or by conscience and good principle;* scorning the admonition and authority of those who ought to maintain justice, *and assisted by the more rude and barbarous parts of the world,* whom they shall find too ready to increase THE UNIVERSAL UPROAR."—At the conclusion of his Remarks on the Revelations, Chapter XVI. verse 13 and 14, he says: "*Here,* while we maintain *due reverential fear,* our interpretation must end. *Nothing but the events themselves, when they come to pass,* can rightly explain the rest. And they will certainly speak LOUDLY ENOUGH for themselves, as those before have done.—Only I must just remark, that *it seems* as if *persecution* and the horrid influences of *superstition* and of *ignorance* and of *barbarism* were allowed to produce their dire effects during *the first* part of the period of time described *under the Vials;* and as if, IRRELIGION, VANITY, AND A TOTAL WANT OF ALL SERIOUS PRINCIPLE, AND A MISAPPLICATION OF THE REFINEMENTS OF CIVILIZATION, *were to be* ALLOWED *to produce* THEIR MISCHIEF *at*, at the *latter* end of thas period!" In the conclusion Mr. King observes, *on the finishing of the mystery of God,* "that as there should be false Christs and false prophets, so there should be also a dreadful subversion of all good government and order, and that men should be let loose upon each other *in defiance of all civil power and just rule,* and of legal restraint." He subjoins some words too remarkable to be passed off. "I will be *happy for those who shall live some years hence,* if they can prove me guilty of a mistake in *this* point. I speak and write *with cautious reverence and fear;* acknowledging that I am liable to error, and *by no means pretending to prophecy:* but still apprehending myself bound not to conceal *the truth* where any matter *appears to be revealed* in Holy Scripture; and especially when the *bringing an impending denunciation* to light, *(if it be a truth)* may be an awful *warning and caution* to many, AND PREVENT THEIR BECOMING ACCESSARY TO EVIL."*—Thus did this very learned and pious man, in a strain of serious, temperate, and impressive eloquence, deliver his opinion and his interpretation. They will stand before us and our posterity, as the memorial of that lonely wisdom, of that reverential application of the divine word, and of that silent dignity, which can *alone* be attained by a retirement (at intervals) from the world, which God has made to Him alone, and by that worship in spirit and in truth, which, when joined to human erudition and to the sober cultivation of the understanding, will produce FRUIT UNTO LIFE.—But I conclude; humbly acknowledging and deeply feeling myself wholly unequal, and altogether unworthy, to speak of the awful sublimity of such subjects. My office can be but ministerial; it is mine only to lead the aspirant *to the door* of the temple, and to retire.

This work, as already noticed, was published in the beginning of the year 1788, and was probably written some years before it was offered to the public. For the gratification of the *Readers* of this Almanac, the Editor will now recite a few of the Events of the French revolution to show how awfully the words of Mr. King have been verified. They will, indeed, give a fearful picture of a people who have dared to say, *That there is no God.* They proclaim to the Nations of the Earth, in language that cannot be misunderstood, that those who forsake God, will, by a righteous retribution, be renounced by Him, and given over "to their own hearts' lusts, *to work iniquity with greediness.*"

Events of the French Revolution.

On the 5th of May, 1788, (more than a year after the appearance of Mr. King's work) the representatives of the kingdom of France, then stiled "The Assembly of the States' General," commenced their session, in the King's palace at Versailles. On the 17th of June the Chamber of the Tiers Etat (the Third Estate, or Commons) declared itself *A National Assembly;* and, on the 19th the members took an oath not to separate until the constitution should be established. On the 28th of the same month, the whole body of Nobility and Clergy, at the request of their benevolent Sovereign, united in one

* Here, reader, let us pause—Can a person who believes in *the religion of* CHRIST advocate, and promote, *the demoralizing principles of France?* No—*Heaven* and *Hell* differ not more than *the Spirit of the Gospel* does from *French* principles. Can a christian, while enjoying the blessings of our free, mild, well-administered government, excite the spirit of discontent and insubordination, without "becoming accessary to evil" the most atrocious? Trust not those who say they can. They are deceivers—and the *truth* is not in them.
The Editor.

assembly with the Commons. The first act of hostility against the government—the attack of the King's troops in the garden of the Thuilleries—took place on the 12th of July; and, on the 14th the populace of Paris attacked, carried and demolished the Bastile. From this period the bloody maxim was adopted, "*That insurrection was the most sacred of duties.*" On the 4th of August, the King was proclaimed *The Restorer of French liberty*; and, on the 15th of September, his person was decreed *to be inviolable*, and the crown of France hereditary and indivisible. On the 6th of October, the Kings guards were murdered under the windows of the palace, and he and his Queen were forcibly conducted to Paris, amidst the insults of a brutal populace.—January 1, 1790, the King was stripped of most of his royal prerogatives; and, on the 25th of June, all his functions were suspended and he kept a close prisoner; and all the orders of Nobility, and all titles and armorial bearings, were suppressed. On the 4th of September the King was restored to liberty: and, on the fourteenth, accepted of the constitution, and was crowned by the President of the National Assembly. On the 10th of August, 1792, the palace of the Thuilleries was attacked and robbed; and the brave, but unfortunate, Swiss guards, and a great number of the Kings friends, were massacred; and, on the 12th, the King and his family were all confined in the Temple. On the 16th of September, marriage was declared to be a civil contract, to be annulled at the pleasure of either of the parties,—in consequence of which there were one hundred and fifty divorces every month, in Paris alone. On the 21st of September, royality was abolished, and France declared a republic. On the 18th of January, 1793, the King had a mock trial, and was condemned to suffer death; and, on the 21st, in violation of humanity, justice, and their own law, the amiable, the virtuous Louis the Sixteenth, was murdered with the most savage brutality;* and murdered too by the very people who, but a short time before, proclaimed him "*The restorer of French liberty*," and decreed his person "*to be inviolable.*" About this period, M. Dupont, in a debate on the subject of establishing public schools (the good old system having already been done away) for the education of youth, pronounced a discourse, before the National Convention, in favor of *Atheism*, which was loudly applauded by all the members, except two or three of the Clergy. "What!" said this abandoned miscreant, "Thrones are overturned! Sceptres broken! Kings expire! and yet the Altars of God remain! A single breath of enlightened reason will now be sufficient to make them disappear. *Nature and Reason*, these ought to be the gods of men! These are my Gods! Admire *nature*—cultivate *reason*. And you, Legislators, if you desire that the French people should be happy, [O horrible delusion!] make haste to propagate these principles, and to teach them in your schools, instead of those fanatical principles which have hitherto been taught. For myself, I honestly avow to the Convention, *I am an Atheist*.

"This daring rejection of the supreme Creator and Ruler of the world," says a learned writer, in commenting on this discourse, "is striking, with a vigorous stroke, at the root of all human happiness. It is tearing up the very foundation of human hope, and extirpating every true principle of human excellence. It is annihilating the very existence of virtue, by annihilating its motives, its sanctions, its obligations, and its end." Such indeed have been its direful effects. The people of France who have adopted those detestable—those destructive opinions, have already become more ferocious and cruel, and have committed greater enormities, than perhaps, the most savage people that ever existed. Their territory has been converted into a vast *slaughter-house*, and has continued such even to the present time; for we find in the Aurora of this day, (August 13, 1799) under the Paris head of the 27th of May, last, that "*Francois de Nantes* called the attention of the Council of Five Hundred, to the murders and assassinations which every where deluged with blood the territory of the republic. He lamented, that the revolution had so far degenerated, that it seemed to have become the *martyrology* of ITS AUTHORS!" Shortly after Dupont uttered his deleterious speech, the public worship of the Deity was abolished, and inscriptions were placed on the burying places—*That death is only an eternal sleep.* On the 20th of September, the Christian æra and sabbath were also abolished, and a new mode was adopted of dividing days and years, called *the Republican Calendar*. On the 11th of November, the festival of reason, as they termed it, was celebrated in the cathedral of Paris, and the wife of Montmoro (who afterwards lost her head on the scaffold) was appointed to receive, naked, that homage there which was denied the Almighty. This festival was, by the 12th of December following, celebrated in the same manner, in all the cities of France; and, at Lyons, the republicans, after inhumanly murdering near five thousand of the inhabitants, celebrated the festival of an ass, in derision of religious worship. On the 29th of November, the orator of the students of the new republican school came to the bar to assure the Convention, that he and his comrades detest God. Thus Dupont had soon the diabolical satisfaction of beholding the effects of his labors on the rising generation; and he was also gratified in seeing "the Altars of God" demolished—for the churches were indiscriminately robbed, and either wholly shut up, or prophaned by this blasphemous worship of naked harlots, who personated the goddess of reason. The Ministers of Religion, and those who adhered to them, were either banished, or murdered daily throughout France, and their property confiscated. Many other events, that are as strongly marked by "*Irreligion, Vanity, and a total want of all serious principle, and a misapplication of the refinements of civilization,*" might be brought forward; but, the Editor has neither room, nor inclination, to detail them. He will, therefore, conclude this article with a translation of some Latin lines, which were quoted by Lemerius, in the year 1618, and which, he says, were written by a Protestant Advocate of the Parliament of Paris fifty years before that time; "or rather," he adds, "by an Angel, who dictated them to him:"—

"In the dark volume of resistless fate,
What changes menace wretched Gallia's State;
In one, one luckless, yet approaching hour
The Roman Pontiff's arrogated power;
The mass itself; the Priests, a sacred train,
Who each time-honour'd rite with zeal maintain;
Weak mortals, raised to the empyrean throne,
Gods that man's base and wretched fabric own;
Powers that the soul in slavish fetters bind,
Debase the noble nature of mankind;
With their own phantoms scare his gen'rous breast:
And every sway except their own detest;
These, "whilst ETERNAL JUSTICE rules this ball,"
These, these, by Heaven's own high behest, shall fall;
In endless ruin and confusion hurl'd,
A DREAD EXAMPLE TO A WOND'RING WORLD

* For from opposing those who came to cut off his hair, and bind his hands, "Do with me," said he, "what you will, it is the last sacrifice." He then made a motion with his hand to obtain silence—"I die perfectly innocent of all the pretended crime laid to my charge—I forgive all those who have had any hand in my misfortunes, and I pray that my blood may be of use in restoring happiness to France—and you, unhappy people! - - -

At these words, the unfeeling Santerre gave orders that the drums should beat, crying out to the King, "that he had not brought him there to declaim, but to die." At that instant his head was severed from his body! - - - - - - -

It is said, that after crying out, "*Vive la Nation!*"—"*Vive la Republique!*" some volunteers dipped their pikes, and others their handkerchiefs, in the blood of the victim. One person alone had the courage to cry out, *Grace*, and was instantly cut down with a sabre.

Thus died Louis XVI. King of France and Navarre. He was born the twenty-third of August, 1754, ascended the throne the tenth of May, 1774, and reigned eighteen years and three months.

The following dates, relative to the destiny of this Prince, have been brought together and contrasted.

21st April, 1770, Marriage of Louis of Vienna.

21st June, 1770, Rejoicings at Paris on account of his marriage.

21st January, 1772, Festival on the birth of the first Dauphin.

21st June, 1791, the King's flight to Varennes.

21st September, 1792, Abolition of Royalty.

21st January, 1793, Louis beheaded.

Of the sanguinary Members of the Convention who voted for the King's death *forty* have been *guillotined*,—*six* have *killed themselves*, *four* have been *assassinated*,—*two* were found dead in a field, and *one* died in irons,—in less than four years after that unhappy event, *to wit.*

The Duke of Orleans, called Phillip Egalite; Maximilian Robespeirre, Robespeirre the younger, Anarcharsis Cloots, George Couthon, De St. Just, Brissot, Vergaiaud, Duprat, Rabecqui, Bernard, Birotteau, Barbaroux, Gensome, Ducos, Fonfrede, J. Boileau, Garnier, La Source, Carra, Beauvais, Danton, Camille des Moulins, Fabre d'Eglantine, De l'Aulnay, Chabot, La Croix, Phillippeaux, Bazire, Julien, Hubert, Soubrany, Duroy, Bourbette, Chenier, Ramel, Duadet, Lacombe, Huguet, and Osselin,—*Guillotined.*

Lebas, Lidon, Valaze, Romme, Duquesnoy, Maure,—*killed themselves.*

Le Pelletier, Marat, Cambon, and Ferrand,—*Assassinated.*

Buzot and Pethion,—*found dead in a field* Perrin *died in irons.*†

† KANG HI, *one of the most enlightened, virtuous and pious Princes that ever sat upon the throne of* China, *a short time before he died,* [in the year 1724] *sent for his Sons, and thus addressed them;*—"*I have studied History, and have made my reflections upon every thing that has happened in my long reign* [of 63 years] *I have observed, that those who did injury to others died miserably;—that those who had no feeling, met with persons more cruel than themselves;—and* that those who had committed murder, did not die a natural death. *The* ALMIGHTY *revenges one man by another, and he often makes him that has prepared the poison drink it himself. The course of events is just. Those who act uprightly gather the pleasant fruits of their good conduct, and those who act viciously receive their punishment* even in this life."

Sailed in company with schooner Friendship, for New York, and parted company, eight days since in the Gulph stream in a gale of wind.

Baltimore, October 25.

Arrived—Schr. Redress, captain Tear, from Port Republican.

Brig Charlotte, captain Moffat, 49 days from Bristol.

Boston, October 20.

ARRIVED.

The brig Union, Knox, 52 days from Bremen: sailed in company with the brig Virginia, for Baltimore, who carried away both topmasts two hours after leaving port. September 30, spoke the ship Kenyon, Anderson, from New York for Liverpool, lat. 45, long. 45; sent his Doctor on board to see Captain Knox, who was very unwell.

The schooner Betsey, Crowell, 30 days from St. Thomas. Left no vessels bound to the northward there. It was reported when Captain Crowell left there, that the United States brig Pickering, Captain Hill had taken four prizes, three small privateers and a valuable schooner from Cayenne, and had sent them into St. Kitts.

The schooner Alligator, M'Lellan, 32 days from Martinico; nothing new.—Also same day, brig Rover, Bernard, 20 days from New Providence.

The brig Orion, Briggs, 22 days from the Havannah; sailed in company with the Greenage, for Newport, and left there Capt. Small, for Boston. Off Cape Hatteras, spoke brig Hannah, Captain Hunt, from the Bay of Honduras, of Newburyport, for Boston, and a schooner in company from ditto bound to Boston.

The schooner Mary, Chipman, from Port de Paix, 17 days. Left there Oct. 3, the schooner Patty, Greene, for Salem, to sail in a few days; Orpha, Annible, for New York, to sail next day; schooner Sally, Atkins, of Boston, just arrived, and a sloop from New London; spoke nothing.

The schooner Nancy, Carver, Port Republicain 22 days; John, Holmes, Cape Francois, 20 days; Roebuck, Davis, from do. the above sailed in company with 28 sail bound to different ports on the continent, under convoy of the George Washington sloop of war, and 40 other sail from different islands.

The brig Speedwell Fillebrown, from the Havannah, 23 days, and brig Jay, Atkins, from do. 35 days; nothing new.

The schr. Hope, Clark, from Berbice, 44 days; Sept. 16, lat 19, long. 59, 49 capt Clark was boarded by a French privateer, and robbed of every thing valuable, and then suffered to proceed. Sept 30, lat. 24, long. 66, spoke brig Fair, from Barbadoes, for Providence, 17 days out; Sept 19, lat. 23, 42, long. 60, spoke schr. Harmany, Lee, from New York, bound to Martinique, 17 days out.

The schr. Ranger, Bacon, 18 days from St. Marks, left there, capt Cross of Boston.

The schr. Polly, Hills, 32 days from Essequibo, left no Americans there, spoke lat. 27, long. 63, schr. Sally, Cricklor, from Edenton, for Antigua, 11 days out.

The snow Lucy, Rust, from Jamaica, 46 days.

Also arrived at Fort Independence, ship Thetis, Crocker, from New-York, and capt Pilsbury from Jamaica.

The schr. Sally capt. Dawne, from Boston, was taken 6th Sept. by a French privateer and sent for Porto Rico.

The Eliza, Elkins, of Salem; and the Minfred of Providence, were left at Lisbon 10th August; the Ranger, from Warren, last from Norfolk, taken and carried in.

The ship Tom, Bailey for Boston, George and Mary, for Newport, and Commerce, Lorton, for do. parted company with the Brutus, arrived at New York 16 August off Rockfeat light, 40 leagues from Fair Isle; parted with brig Sukey and Betsey, Cook, for Salem.

The ship Lydia, Silvey, was spoke Sept. 24, all well.

The ship Commerce, M'Neil Watts master, from hence, arrived at Londonderry in 24 days.

A French privateer has been seen off Cape Hatteras.

Newburyport, October 18.

The Nancy, Boardman, and 5 sail of other vessels, has been captured in lat. 26, within 36 hours sail of Port Rico, by a French privateer.

Arrived—Brig Mehitable, Jones, 35 days from Liverpool.

The following was handed by an obliging correspondent,

September 25. Came on shore about one mile to the northward of the light house on Cape Cod, the sloop Friendship, of Warren, laden with spars and wood, without any boat or person on board her. She came on shore upset, and immediately on striking the shore went to pieces. One of the anchors and rigging were taken up by Smalley and Avery, at Truro.

September 28. Three masts lashed together came on shore at Cape Cod. They appeared to be carried away from some ship just above the deck. Several spars and some barrels of apples and other parts of wrecks were taken up at the same time.

Extract of a letter from Porto Rico, 10th September.

"I have seen the orders of general Desfourneaux, of Guadaloupe, to the captains of privateers—they are to take all Americans coming from or bound to any port whatever—In consequence thereof six privateers have already sailed, and as many more commissions have been received a few days since. So that the risk will be very great to Americans in general, and particularly as there are no vessels of war belonging to the United States to be seen in these seas.

BALTIMORE, October 25.

John Buchanan, Ambrose Geohegan, James M'Clain and John Cellar, Esquires, are elected members of the assembly for Washington county.

Roger Perry, John Thommilson, John Rice and Eseau Beall, Esquires, are elected to represent Allegany county, in the next general assembly of Maryland.

Gazette Marine List.

Port of Philadelphia.

Ship Pacific, Story, from Liverpool, is below.

Brig Sally, Wallace, from hence, has arrived at Grenada.

New York, October 26.

ARRIVED, days

Ship Mermaid, Tilton, Trinidad & Cuba 33
Brig David & George, Abeel, Kingston —
Swift, Bourne, St. Croix 20
Schr. Fly, Perkins, Norfolk 5
Success, Barnett, Virginia 5

Yesterday arrived ship Mermaid, Tilton, 33 days from Trinidad.

Left there ship Warren, Fanning, and schooner Fair Trader, of and for New York.

WHEREAS Joshua Merserean Esquire, a *Judge* of the County of Tioga, State of New York, has received interest on monies due, my mother Mrs. Elizabeth Shallus, under pretence of having a power of attorney for that purpose, which said money, when called upon, he did not repay, after he had it in his possession for two years, without giving any intimation of his having received it. I therefore give public Notice, to all those concerned, not to pay the said *Judge* any money on account of my said mother, as he acts under an assumed power.

FRANCIS SHALLUS.
Attorney for Mrs. Elizabeth Shallus,
Germantown, October 21. 3t.

Library Company of Philadelphia.

THE Members of the Library Company of Philadelpeia are hereby informed, that the Library will be opened on Thursday next, the thirty-first instant, for the reception and delivery of books. Those who neglect to return the books which had been borrowed previous to the twenty-sixth of August last, on or before the fourteenth of November next, will be fined as the rules direct.

THE LOGANIAN LIBRARY

Will also be opened at the same time, for the like purposes.

Z. POULSON, junr. Librarian.

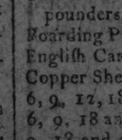
N. B. Catalogues of the books belonging to these institutions may be had at the Library.

Library, October 28, 1799.

Will be sold at Public Vendue,

At the Merchants' Coffee house in Second st.

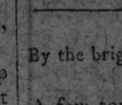
On Wednesday the 30th Inst.



The fast-sailing Brigantine

MERCURY,

Built in Philadelphia, of live oak and cedar, burthen about 1700 barrels; just arrived from London, where she has been sheathed and coppered in a masterly style; mounted with 12 eighteen pound carronades and 4 long six pounders, small arms, &c. she is in all points complete, lying at Walnut street wharf.



Likewise,

THE BRIG

JACK,

Burthen about 800 barrels, sails well, and ready to receive a cargo, lying at the first wharf above Vine street.

☞ The terms, approved indorsed notes at 2, 3 and 4 months.

BENSON & YORKE, *Auctioneers.*
27th October. dtf

For Sale by public Vendue,

On Wednesday the 30th Instant,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, in Penn street, between South and Almond streets, at the stable of Thomas Wilson deceased,

SEVERAL Horses and Drays, one milch Cow, one Cart, one Sleigh, one Coachee and geers, with a quantity of Hay and other Articles, the conditions of sale will be made known on said day by

SARAH WILSON, Administratrix.
JOEL W. WILSON, Administrator.
No. 295 South Front street, Southwark.
October 26. dtw.

FOR SALE
By SIMON WALKER,
Pine, near Fifth-street,

WOOLWICH proof Cannon—9 pounders, 61-2 feet long, 40 cwt. each, and 7 feet long, 25 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. completed ditto—6 pounders, 5 1-2 feet long, 15 cwt. each, and 6 feet long, 18 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. complete;

Carronades on sliding carriages, 12, 18 & 24 pounders, weighing 6 1-2, 8 and 13 cwt. each;

Boarding Pikes and Cutlasses;

English Cannon Powder;

Copper Sheathing Nails, Spikes and Bolts;

6, 9, 12, 18 and 24lb. round Shot;

6, 9, 18 and 24lb. double-headed do.

9, 18 and 24lb. Cannister Shot.

Also—a quantity of best English, Porter, Claret and Port Wine Bottles,

Taunten Ale in casks of 7 dozen each.

march 8. 2aw tf

Just received,

By the brig Sally, from St. Petersburgh, and for sale by the subscribers,

A few tons first quality of clean hemp,
Five tons of assorted cordage,
Russia sail duck in packages, and
A few pieces of Russia sheeting.

ALSO,

THE ABOVE BRIG

With all her materials as she came from sea, now laying at Chesnut-street wharf, burthen 176 tons, in complete order, and may be sent to sea with very little expence. For further particulars enquire of

JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
Oct. 9, 1799. 3taw2w

To be Sold by Public Vendue,

On TUESDAY the 22d Instant, on the Premises,

A NUMBER of LOTS for BUILDING, of different size and situation, on the Bristol road, adjoining that well known stand called the Washington Tavern, between the 9 and 10 mile stones, where the mail and a number of public stages are flying continually. The situation is high and healthy, and easy of access both by land and water, within a few rods of the head of the tide on Pennypack creek, where there is safe navigation and good landing—where grist, saw and merchant mills are carrying on a considerable trade, the above road being the best at all seasons of the year, of any coming out of the city. A plan of the said lots will be seen and the conditions made known at the time and place of sale, by

JOHN HOLME.

N. B. The sale to begin at 2 o'clock, P. M. on said day.

October 11th, 1799. dtf.

THE PARTNERSHIP

TRADING under the Firms of HARTSHORNE, LARGE & Co. and JESSE & ROBERT WALN, was dissolved 1 mo. 1st, 1798, and the partnership trading under the firm of HARTSHORNE & LARGE, was dissolved 15th of the 4th month last, all persons indebted to either of the above firms are requested to make immediate payment, and those that have demands to present their accounts.

7 mo. 13th d3m

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY on Saturday evening the 13th July instant, from Colebrook Furnace, Lancaster county, a Negro Man named *Cato*, he is about 40 years of age, five feet six or seven inches high, tolerable black, with a down ill look, squints, he is a cunning artful fellow, a great liar, and very fond of strong liquor, has been brought up to the farming business, is very handy at any kind of laboring work; he took with him a number of clothing, amongst which were, one suit plain Nankeen; (some money). It is expected he has shaped his course for Philadelphia or New York.

*** The above reward will be paid for securing him in any gaol in the United States, with reasonable charges if brought home.

SAMUEL JACOBS.
Colebrook Furnace, July 16, 1799.
(018) d6m

95

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAS RETURNED TO THE CITY,

AND

Intends to open his SCHOOL

on Wednesday, 30th instant.

JOSEPH HUTCHINS.

October 26. 13t.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Have for sale, the following

GOODS,

Aliabad Lawns,
Firzabad ditto,
Luckipore Cossas,
Taundah ditto,
Callapatty Baftas,
Hurial Hummums,
Romal Handkerchiefs,
Madras ditto,
Pulicat ditto,
Very fine Seerciccas,
Four small bales of Cassimeres.
House Lines, Marlines and Twine,
Red Port Wine, in pipes, hogsheads and quarter casks,
Capers, in barrels and quarter barrels,

(All entitled to the Drawback.)

PHILIPS, CRAMOND & Co.

Philadelphia, October 25. 8t

JOHN MILLER, Junr.

No. 80 Dock, near Third street,

HAS FOR SALE,

Cossaes,
Mamoodies,
Taffaties,
Striped Doreas,
Tangibs,
Patna and
Santipoor Handkerchiefs.

The foregoing will be sold very low in order to close sales.

ALSO,

A FEW PACKAGES OF

German Goods,

Suitable to the West India Market;

Received by the Fair American from Hamburgh.

October 25.

THE Subscriber has removed from Germantown to Philadelphia, and offers for sale, at No. 149 South Front street, the remainder of the *Cargo of the Camilla*, from *Canton*, viz.

Imperial, Hyson, Souchong and Bohea } TEAS of very superior quality,

8000 pieces Nankeen,
Lustrings,
Taffaties,
Sattins,
Sinshaws,
Hair Ribbon,
Fans,
Boxes of Paints, with Brushes &c. complete,
Umbrellas, in boxes of 25, 50 and 100 each.

ALSO,

Sheet Copper,
Brass Rods,
Brass Wire,
Spermaceti Candles,
Writing, Printing and Wrapping Paper,
Rice, in tierces.

AND,

A few packages Calcutta Goods, consisting of black Taffaties and Barbar Handkerchiefs.

A VESSEL

Wanted to charter for the West Indies,

Of 1000 barrels burthen.

EDWARD DUNANT.

October 21. d1w

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

THE different Schools will be opened on MONDAY the 4th of November; of which, all who are concerned, are requested to take notice.

WILLIAM ROGERS,
Secretary to the Board of Faculty.

October 25.

TO BE SOLD FOR CASH,

OR EXCHANGED,

For property in the City, or within thirty miles of it,

A PLANTATION or tract of Land in Mifflin County and State of Pennsylvania, within six miles of the river Juniata, containing about 300 acres. There are about fifty acres cleared, part of which is a rich bottom, watered by a constant stream that is strong enough to work an oil or a grist mill. Any person inclining to deal for it, may obtain further information by applying at the office of this gazette.

N. B. If sold, credit will be given for part of the money.

October 17, 1799. dtf.

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store,

NO. 119, SOUTH FRONT STREET,

Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters.—From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*

november 19 2aw

POST OFFICE.

Philadelphia, October 23, 1799.

THE Post Office will be removed on Saturday 26th instant, at 4 o'clock P. M. to its former stand, No. 34 South Front street. And on Monday following, the letter carriers will commence carrying the letters out, as usual.

Received by the ship Adriana, captain Carlton, from London,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HAIR SEATINGS,

Suitable for chair and sopha covers, consisting of striped and plain, and of the following widths, *viz.* 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 26, 28, 30 and 32 inches.

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE PENNOCK.

july 8 eotf

AT a Court of Common Pleas held at Union Town, for the county of Fayette, the fourth Monday of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, before the Judges of the same court, on the petition of John Wilson, praying that the act of Assembly, providing that the person of a debtor shall not be liable to imprisonment for debt after delivering up his estate for the use of his creditors, may be extended to him. The Court appoint the first day of next term, to hear the petitioner and his creditors, and order that he give his creditors public notice hereof, in Fenno's Philadelphia paper, and in Yundt and Brown's Baltimore paper, for one week, ending at least four weeks before the day of hearing; and that he also give to John Gillespie and Jacob Everhart personal notice in writing, to be served on them, at least fifteen days previous to the hearing. At September term, this order was continued to the first day of December term.

By the Court,

EPHRAIM DOUGLASS,

Prothonotary.

WHEREAS

Matthew Mc.Connell, Esq.

BY deed dated the 16th of May, 1799, granted and assigned to the subscribers, 55,018 acres of land on the waters of Sugar creek, in the county of Luzerne and state of Pennsylvania, upon trust, to sell and dispose of the same, and apply the proceeds (after satisfying all such just and legal claims as may be due on said lands) to the payment of such notes as the said Matthew M'Connell has drawn in favor of a certain Joseph Thomas, or that the said Joseph Thomas has drawn in favor of, and are indorsed by the said M. M'Connell, and which are mentioned in the schedule annexed to the deed of trust, aforesaid:—

Provided, That the holders of said notes shall, on or before the 16th day of November next, execute to him a full discharge and acquittance, or render up the said notes, and the balance, if any, to the holders of any of the said notes who shall not have made such discharge or rendered up said notes, as aforesaid, *pro rata*, according to their respective claims and demands.

This public notice is given of the said assignment, that those who are interested may avail themselves of the terms therein contained.

William Buckley,
Thomas M. Willing, } Assignees.
William Davidson,

Philadelphia 14th Sept. 1799.

rawtr6N.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

Pursuant to the act of Congress passed on the 18th day of June, one thousand, seven hundred and ninety six, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military services, and for the society of United Brethren for propagating the gospel among the Heathen;" and the act supplementary to the said recited act passed on the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after described, namely, "beginning at the North West corner of the seven ranges of townships, and running thence fifty miles due south, along the western boundary of the said ranges;—thence due West to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the said river to the place where the Indian boundary line crosses the same;—thence along the said boundary line to the Tuscaroras branch of the Muskingum river at the crossing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the said river, to the point where a line run due west from the place of beginning, will intersect the said river; thence along the line so run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townships of five miles square, and fractional parts of townships; and that plats and surveys of the said townships and fractional parts of townships are deposited in the offices of the Register of the Treasury and Surveyor General, for the inspection of all persons concerned.

II.

The holders of such warrants as have been or shall be granted for military services performed during the late war, are required to present the same to the Register of the Treasury, at some time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thousand eight hundred, for the purpose of being registered; No registry will however be made of any less quantity than a quarter township, or four thousand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be presented and registered in manner aforesaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred, will immediately after the said day, be determined by lot, in the mode dreserибed by the act first recited.

IV.

The holders of registered warrants, shall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location shall be determined by lot as aforesaid, personally, or by their agents, designate in writing at the office of the Register of the Treasury, the particular quarter townships elected by them respectively, and such of the said holders as shall not designate their locations on the said day, shall be postponed in locating such warrants to all other holders of registered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military services sufficient to cover one or more quarter townships or tracts of four thousand acres each; shall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the first day of January, 1802, be allowed to register the said warrants in manner aforesaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military services, which shall not be registered and located before the first day of January, 1802, are by the supplementary act of Congress herein before recited, passed on the second day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.

Sec. of the Treasury.

JUST RECEIVED,

Per the MARIA, from *HAMBURG*, and NOW LANDING,

At Wilcocks's wharf, from on board the IRIS, from *BREMEN*,

And for sale by the subscriber,

353 PACKAGES LINEN,

Consisting of

Bielefeld Linen	Elbersfeld Checks
Warendorp do	Checks and Stripes
Rouanes	Harlem Checks
White Platillas	Listadoes
Brown do.	Ticklenburghs
Craes à la Morlaix	Osnaburgs
Dowlas	Halblaken
Bretagnes	Weser Linnen
Buccadillas	Bag Linen
Quadruples Silesias	Myer Linnen
Bed-ticks	Estopillas

Pocket Handkerchiefs.

Also for Sale,

400 boxes Claret
40 hhds. do
70 Tons St. Petersburg Hemp
5 Casks Bristles
200 pieces Sailduck
7 Bales German Cloth
800 Demijohns
80 Liquor Cases

ERICK & LEWIS BOLLMANN.

No 113 South 3d Stre

aug 14 d1 ot af. 2w1ot

THE Creditors of Baly, Hill, & Evans, Insolvent Debtors, in the county of Sussex, are to meet the Assignee at the Court-House in said county, on the 25th of Dec. next, at 10 o'clock A. M in order to make a dividend of said Insolvent's estate, that may come to hand by that day.

CH. CASE, assignee.

june 25

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE time being fixed on, when the MILITARY LAND (commonly called Knox's) WARRANTS, granted to the United States' army, are to be registered and located,—the subscribers have explored that tract of land on which those warrants are to be laid; with a view, and for the purpose of offering their services as locaters.

We take the liberty of suggesting, "that weare at least as well acquainted with the situation, quality of the soil, &c. of the different townships in the aforesaid tract, as any other person:" this will, perhaps, appear more clearly, by observing, that WILLIAM C. SCHENK assisted in running the Indian boundary line; at which time he considerably traversed that tract: he also assisted in surveying and laying it off into townships, and at other times ranged over it, to gain information. But to obtain a more complete and accurate knowledge, we have lately spent between two and three months, with several assistants, in particularly examining the different townships and quarter townships; by which means we have acquired an accurate knowledge of the whole district.—We now offer our services to the public, as Locaters, with assurances that we will locate every persons warrants intrusted to us to the best advantage, agreeably to their rights of location, which is to be determined according to law. For our services we demand the one equal tenth part, either in lands or warrants, when we locate a full tract, of four thousand acres or more, for one person or firm; the land to be taken in a square, at a corner of the tract; which corner is to be equitably determined before the time of location.—The one equal sixth part, in cash or warrants, when we connect and locate any amount less than four thousand acres. We will be in Philadelphia from December next, until after the time of location, to transact this business. Any person wishing to satisfy himself farther, will please to call on us, by letter, (postage paid) or otherwise; when due attention will be paid, and such vouchers may be seen as we have to offer, which we hope will be satisfactory.

MARTIN BAUM,
WILLIAM C. SCHENCK.

Philadelphia, Oct. 9, 1799. eow.

To the Holders of

MILITARY LAND WARRANTS.

THE Subscriber having lately returned from viewing the land, surveyed and appropriated to satisfy the land warrants, issued by the secretary at war, to the officers and soldiers of the late continental army; and having made arrangements with Mr. James Johnson, of Chester county, Pennsylvania, who he left on the land, and who with the assistance of an intelligent inhabitant of that county, will spend five months in exploring the different sections. He will take regular notes, descriptive of the soil, situation, and natural advantages attached to each section in the whole survey—which notes will be placed in the hands of the subscriber previous to the period for locating, thereby enabling him to make the most advantageous locations the priority will admit.

He offers his service to the holders of land warrants of the above description, throughout the United States, to receive their warrants, class them, (as no less quantity than 4000 acres will be registerd at the office of the treasury) have them registered agreeable to law, and attend to make the location at the the time appointed in February next.

For transacting the business, one tenth part of the land specified in the warrants will be required, and no other charge, except the postage of letters. All warrants forwarded and letters addressed to the subscriber, at No. 3, Penn-street, Philadelphia, will receive immediate attention.

JAMES E. SMITH.

Septemer 2 mwftf.

CATTLE.

About Sixty-Six Head for disposal.

☞ Enquire of MATTHIAS BORDLEY, at the Island in Wye River, Eastern Shore, Maryland; or in case of writing, direct to him at Easton, Talbot County, Maryland.

Wye, *Sept.* 2, 1799. §

WANTED A COOK.

A WHITE WOMAN to serve in the capacity of cook in a small family—None need apply who does not perfectly understand her business, and cannot produce an unexceptionable character. Apply to the printer.

october 18 def

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Chesnut, near Sixth street, directly opposite CONGRESS HALL,

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Chesnut street and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame house, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge subject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous situation of this property requires no comments, for it must be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaser. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

no. 198, Chesnut street, next door to the premises.

march 5 tu.th sa.tf

DONATION LANDS.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT Claims for Donation Lands granted by the State of Pennsylvania to the Officers and Soldiers of the Line belonging to the said State in the late war, will be received at the Office of Comptroller General of said State until the 1st September next inclusive, and that the subscribers authorised by law will sit as a Board at the said Office on every Monday from ten o'clock in the forenoon until one in the afternoon, to hear and determine all unsatisfied Claims already filed, as well as those which may be filed on or before the said first day of September next.

JOHN DONNALDSON, Comt'r
SAMUEL BRYAN, Regt'r.
PETER BAYNTON, Treas'r.

Department of Accounts of Pennsylvania, May 15, '99.

(16) drw (m.w.sa.tf)

Samuel Miles, jun'r.

Of the city of Philedelphia, merchant, having assigned over all his effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers, for the benefit of such of his creditors as may subscribe to the said assignment on or before the first of August next.

Notice is hereby given,

to all persons indebted to the said estate, that they are requested to make immediate payment to either of the assignees, or to the said Samuel Miles, who is authorised to receive the same; in failure whereof legal steps will be taken for the recovery of such debts, as are not discharged accordingly.

GEORGE ASTON,
CORNELIS COMEGYS, } Assignees
JOHN ALLEN,

feb. 14. 3awtf

Patent Ploughs,

TO be sold for cash by Joseph Salter at Atsion Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jesse Evans, Lumberton. Those who have used them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require less team, break the ground better, are kept in order at less expence and are sold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much simplified and consists of but one piece of cast iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulters to be put on with screws and taken off at pleasure

Patent rights for vending with instructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the subscriber No. 212 North Front-street.

Who has for Sale;

Or to Lease for a term of Years,

A number of valuable tracts of Land, well situated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, mostly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon state of Pennsylvania. Those who may incline to view them will please to apply to John Canan esq. near Huntingdon.

Charles Newbold,

july 17 1awtf

WHEREAS,

AN attachment was lately issued out of the inferior court of common pleas of the county of Essex, in the state of New Jersey, directed to the sheriff of the said county, against the rights, credits, monies and effects, goods and chattels, lands and tenements of *John Cleves Symmes* at the suit of *William Wells*, in a plea of trespass on the case to his damage three thousand dollars;—

And whereas, the said sheriff did, at the term of June last past, return to the said court that he had attached the defendant by a certain bond given by Matthias Denman and Samuel Meeker to the said defendant, to the amount of near two thousand dollars, and also by sixty land warrants;—

Now therefore, unless the said John Cleves Symmes shall appear, give special bail, and receive a declaration at the suit of the plaintiff, judgment will be entered against him, and his property herein attached, will be sold agreeably to the statute in such case made and provided.

Aaron Ogden, *Clerk, &c.*

Elizabeth-town, July 8, 1799 (11) raw12m

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

May 29th, 1799.

THE proprietors of certificates issued for subscriptions to the Loan bearing interest at eight per centum per annum, are notified, that at any time after payment shall have been made of the 5th instalment, which will become due during the first ten days of the month of July ensuing, Certificates of Funded Stock may at their option be obtained at the Treasury or Loan Offices, respectively, for the amount of the four first instalments, or one moiety of the sums expressed in the subscription certificates:—No certificates of Funded Stock will however be issued for less than one hundred dollars.

Such subscription certificates as may be presented at the Treasury or Loan Offices in consequence of the foregoing arrangement, will be indorsed and distinctly marked so as to denote, that a moety of the stock has been issued.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,

Secretary of the Treasury.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Trenton, September 2, 1799.

ALL officers of the first regiment of Artillerists and Engineers, and of the first, second, third and fourth regiments of Infantry in the service of the United States, who are, from whatever cause, absent from their commands, are required with all possible expedition to report themselves by letter to Major General Alexander Hamilton. The officers thus called upon, will be held amenable for any avoidable delay in reporting themselves, and those who do not report in four months from the date of this notification, will be presumed to have resigned their commissions.

JAMES M'HENRY.

☞ The Printers in the several states, who published the proposals for the supply of rations during the year 1800, are requested to insert the above once a week in their papers, till the first of January next. 1awtJ.

WILLIAM COBBETT

HAS JUST PUBLISHED (PRICE 1 DOL. 50 CENTS)

THE

BAVIAD

AND

MÆVIAD.

BY WILLIAM GIFFORD, ESQUIRE.

To which is prefixed,

A POETICAL EPISTLE TO THE AUTHOR

By an American Gentleman.

[In introducing this celebrated work to the Gentlemen and Ladies of America, I have endeavored to give it a dress proportioned to its distinguished merit, and to the taste of those for whose amusement and delight it is intended. No expence has been spared in the publication; and I flatter myself that the work does not yield, either in paper or print, to any one ever published in America——This edition has an advantage over some former ones, as it contains by way of notes, the minor productions of the author; and, it has an advantage over *every* other edition, in the *Poetical Epistle*, which is prefixed to it, and which must be extremely gratifying to every lover of literature in this country, as it is a proof that there are Americans who have the taste to admire, the justice to applaud, and the talents to rival the Geniuses of other nations.

☞ Some Copies have been sent on to *Mr. Somerville*, Maiden Lane, *New York*, also to *Mr. Hill Baltimore*, and to *Mr. Young, Charleston*.

Copies will be sent to *Boston* and other places, as soon as occasions offer.] may 28

TERMS

Of Richard Folwell, in Philadelphia,

FOR SUBSCRIBING TO THE

JOURNALS OF CONGRESS,

FROM THE COMMENCEMENT

Of the American War, in 1774, to the present time,

INCLUDING

The Reports of Heads of Departments, of Committees, and other Official and Private Papers of that Body, now first permitted to be made public.

TERMS.

THE work will be printed on a fine paper, and a new neat type, in large octavo.

Each volume will contain above 500 pages neatly bound and lettered.

Uniformity in size, paper, and binding, will be observed throughout the work; so that, while the subscribers become possessed of a valuable record, an ornament may be added to their libraries.

The price to subscribers will be 2 dolls. 75 cts. per volume, in boards, and 3 dolls. whole bound, but, as the publisher does not intend to print manmore than the number subscribed for, a considerable rise on the price may be expected to non-subscribers.

Each volume will contain about one third less of letter-press than the original edition; but, as the publisher is not yet enabled to determine the exact of the Private Journals, which he may be allowed to make public, he cannot ascertain the number of volumes which will comprise the work.

☞ *Payments to be made on delivery of each volume.*

Subscribers will have it at their option, either to subscribe for the whole of the Journals, up to the present time, or to those only of the Old Congress prior to the organization of the Federal Government.

IN all countries, the proceedings in the commencement of their governments, are lost in darkness and obscurity, owing to a carelessness, in the succeeding generation, to preserve the public records, and the attention of the nation, in those rude ages, being called off from their domestic concerns, to engage in wars and conquest. Of what infinite value would the laws of Alfred be, had they been transmitted to our days? Time, that destroys every thing, enhances the value of well authenticated public records, and renders them almost inestimable. It is hoped, that Americans will, therefore, chearfully contribute their assistance in transmitting to posterity the labours of their ancestors—founders of the Columbian nation.

*** The work will certainly be advanced with expedition and promptitude. The following will show the support it has already acquired:

"*Philadelphia, June* 15, 1798.

"To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

"The MEMORIAL of the Subscribers, Citizens, &c. of Philadelphia,

"*Respectfully sheweth*,

"That having, in our respective avocations, frequent occasions to recur to the Journals of Congress, we experience inconvenience by the scarcity of them: That we understand that Richard Folwell, printer, of Philadelphia, has had it in contemplation to print that public record; and that he hath obtained partial countenance from many individuals; but that he has delayed prosecuting the work, in expectation of encouragement from government, that may adequately indemnify him. We, therefore, respectfully solicit, as the publication is necessary to be disseminated among public bodies, that Congress will, in their wisdom render him such additional encouragement, to that which he has obtained from private individuals, as to enable him to proceed with the work, so that your Memorialists may be enabled to purchase copies of that record for themselves.

Thomas M Kean, John D. Coxe, Charles Heatly, Samsom Levy, T. Ross, Wm. Moore Smith, John Read jun. William Tilghman, John F. Mifflin, Joseph B. M'Kean, John Beckly, W. Sergeant, John Thompson, Jared Ingersoll, Jasper Moylan, William Rawle, J. Thomas, William Levis, James Gibson, M. Keppale, Moses Levy, Robert Porter, George Davis, John Hallowell, James Oldden, Walter Franklin, James Milnor, John C. Wells John L. Leib, Alexander I. Dallas, Joseph Reed, Thomas Willing, Samuel M Fox, John Nixon, Robert Waln Robert H. Dunkin, John Ewing, Jun. Edward Pennington, Hilary Baker, William Nichols, William Young, Robert Campbell Septimus, Claypoole James Crukshank, Mathew Carey, Henry K. Helmuth, Peter De Haven, John Dunlap, Edward Shoemaker, John R. Smith, William Hall, David C. Claypoole, Thomas Armitrong, Samuel H. Smith, John Fenno.

"True copy from the original Memorial, presented to the House of Representatives of the United States, on Monday, the 18th of June 1798:

"WILLIAM LAMBERT, for

"JONATHAN W. CONDY, CLERK."

"RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives, be authorised and directed, to subscribe, on such terms as they may deem eligible, for the use of the Senate and House of Representatives, for four hundred Copies of the Journals of Congress, which are proposed to be published by Richard Folwell and such number of copies of deficient volumes of the sets now in print, as may be necessary to complete the same.

JONATHAN DAYTON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAMES ROSS,

President of the Senate pro tempore.

Approved, March 2d, 1799.

JOHN ADAMS,

President of the United States.

may 10. 12awtf

Three Cents Reward.

RUN away from the Subscriber on the evening of the 28th inst. a bound Servant GIRL, named Elizabeth Howchel, had on and took with her three different changes of garment and money, proud, bold and impudent, a noted lyar; any person apprehending her shall be entitled to the above reward—no costs or charges will be paid.

N. B, She had 2 years and some months to serve

DANIEL FITZPATRICK.

Goshen Township, Chester County, July 29.

august 6 3awtf

The Swift-Sure,

A NEW LINE OF STAGES,

NOW RUNNING BETWEEN

PHILADELPHIA & NEW-YORK,

By the short and pleasant road of

Bustleton, Newtown Scotch-Plains, Springfield and Newark.

THE excellence of this road, the populousness of the country through which it passes, with sundry other advantages, which render it so far preferable to the Old Road through Bristol, Brunswick, &c. long ago suggested the propriety of its becoming the Grand Thorough Fare from Philadelphia to New York. During the present year, a minute survey of it has been taken, and its superiority over the Old Road, both in winter and summer, has been clearly ascertained.—There are good bridges over all the other waters but the Delaware, and here the crossing is performed with great safety and in less than half the time required at the Trenton Ferry. The road is *several miles shorter* than the old road, but this is amongst the least of its advantages, because daily experience proves to us, that dispatch as well as comfort in travelling principally depend on the goodness of the road and the levelness of the country, and, in these respects, the New Road is, beyond all comparison, the best. It presents none of those rocky hills, which render the Old Road so fatiguing between the Delaware and Newark. The soil, too, for the greater part, is such as to produce but little mud in winter, and very little dust in summer, which circumstance, added to the beauty of the country, and a considerable proportion of shade, must always render travelling in the latter season peculiarly agreeable.

The Swift Sure starts from PHILADELPHIA, at 6 o'clock every morning (Sundays excepted) from the *GREEN TREE*, opposite the Lutheran Church, North Fourth street. It goes through Frankford to Bustleton, where it stops to Breakfast; from Bustletown it goes through Newtown to Penny-town to dinner; from Penny-town through Hopewell, Millstone, Bound-brook, Quibbletown and Plainfield to Scotch Plains to lodge. The next morning it stops at Springfield to breakfast, from whence it goes through Newark and arrives at New-York at noon.

From NEW-YORK it starts at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (from Paulus Hook) and arrives at Philadelphia the next evening. For seats at New-York, application may be made to Edward Bardin, Old Coffee house, to A. Mathieu, corner of Nassau and John streets, to B. Many, no. 48, Courtlandt, corner of Greenwich street, and to Michael Little, at his hotel, no. 42, Broad street.

Fare for passengers, *Five Dollars.*
Way passengers 6 *Cents per Mile.*

Each passenger is allowed to take on 14lbs. of baggage carriage free; but all other baggage, taken on by a passenger, will be charged at 4 cents per pound weight.

With respect to packages sent on without passengers, the proprietors presume they have adopted a regulation, which, though unknown to other lines of stages, they think must meet with general approbation, They pledge themselves to make good every package on the following conditions. The person who delivers the package at the office shall see it entered in the stage-book, for which entry he shall pay 6 cents; he will then state the value of the package, and pay (exclusive of the carriage) one per cent. on the value, as insurance, and for which he will receive a receipt. Thus, for instance, if he estimates his package at one dollar, he will pay one cent, and if at one hundred dollars, he will pay one dollar insurance, and in like proportion for packages of any other value.

Very few persons it is presumed, will dislike this regulation; it will however, be optionable with every one to avail himself of this security or not. But the proprietors think it right to state very explicitly, that they will be responsible for the safe delivery of no package, which is not regularly entered, and for which an insurance receipt cannot be produced.

In the distribution of the route, the greatest care has been taken to fix on such places and taverns as always afford a good accommodation and entertainment for the passengers at the most reasonable rates. The stages are well equipped furnished with fleet and steady horses, and committed to the care of intelligent sober and obliging drivers. The proprietors themselves live at the different towns and villages where the stages will stop, so that the conduct of the persons they employ is continually an object of their attention.—They take care also to see that the passengers are well provided for and politely treated at the taverns, and that no sort of chicanery or insolence is practised upon them; in short, they have spared neither pains nor expence to render the SWIFT-SURE the very best line of stages in America.

The line has now run nearly a month, during which time a great number of gentlemen have gone through, both from Philadelphia and New-York. Every passenger has found the road to surpass very far all that has been said of its excellence; and the Proprietors of the Swift Sure are extremely happy to hear the behaviour of their drivers, and the treatment at Taverns spoken of with the highest satisfaction.

JOHN M'CALLA, Philadelphia
THOS. PAUL, Bustleton
JOSEPH THORNTON,
NICHOLAS WYNKOOP, } *Newtown.*
JACOB KESLER,
JOHN MOREHEAD, Pennytown.
T. KILLMAN, near Millston.
ELIAS COMBES, Bound Brook.
R. SANSBURY, Scotch Plains.
ISAAC RAWLE,
ROBERT PEARSON, } *Springfield.*

June 22. eotf.

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